

Identifyn Standards for Optical Microscopy Methods™Identifyn® Primary Antibody**Rabbit anti-Human NBS1 (P95) Polyclonal, IgG***Cat ID# - PA-RP 000010*Identifyn® Secondary Antibody**Identifyn® SRM Alexa Fluor™ 647 Affinity Purified Goat Anti-Rabbit, IgG (H + L)***Cat ID# - SA 000057*

NBS1 (Nijmegen breakage syndrome 1) plays a crucial part in the cellular response to DNA double-strand breaks in both the Homologous Recombination (HR) and Non-Homologous End Joining (NHEJ) pathways and is a component of the MRE11/RAD50/NBS1 complex (MRN). NBS1 acts as a sensor of DNA double-strand breaks and, via its interaction with γH2AX, recruits MRE11 and RAD50 to the site of damage, processes the DNA ends, prepares them for repair, and facilitates the recruitment of other repair factors. NBS1 also plays a role in coordinating the cellular response to DNA damage with the cell cycle. It interacts with various cell cycle checkpoint proteins, such as ATM (ataxia-telangiectasia mutated), to halt the cell cycle progression, allowing time for DNA repair. NBS1 also contributes to telomere maintenance and participates in detecting and repairing telomere damage, helping prevent genomic instability associated with telomere dysfunction. Dysfunction or mutations in NBS1 can lead to genomic instability and predispose individuals to cancer and other genetic disorders.

Method

HeLa cells were grown in a μ-Slide 8 Well high-Glass Bottom [Ibidi chamber](#). DNA damage was induced via treatment with 2 μM etoposide-spiked complete growth media for 24 hours, followed by -20 °C methanol fixation and blocked with [Thermo Fisher Fish Serum Blocker cat#37527X3](#). The primary antibody, Rabbit anti-Human NBS1 (P95) Polyclonal, IgG was incubated for 1 hour at room temperature at a dilution of 1:100. Cells were washed 3 times in Identifyn®'s proprietary Wash Buffer, and Identifyn® SRM Alexa Fluor™ 647 Affinity Purified Goat Anti-Rabbit, IgG (H + L) was incubated at room temperature for 1 hour at a dilution of 1:200. Cells were washed 5 times in Identifyn®'s proprietary Wash Buffer followed by the addition of Identifyn®'s proprietary STORM Buffer to the sample chamber enabling image acquisition.

Microscope

Bruker Vutara VXL Biplane Single Molecule Microscope, using an Olympus 60x/1.30 Silicon Oil objective, was used with the following parameters:

Calibration -

Calibration follows Identifyn®'s Calibration Standard Operating Procedure, which can be found here.

<https://identifyn.com/storm-calibration>

Image Acquisition -

SRX Software - Under the 'Single Molecule Localization' tab, **'Record'** is selected and contains the following workflow tabs and parameters.

Configuration Tab - Capture Configuration

Number of Probes: 1

Number of Simultaneous Probes: 1

Number of Reference Probes: 1

Camera: Both Cameras

Color Channel: Both Channels

Probe Capture Mode: Interleaved

Z-Stack Capture Mode: Interleaved

Multiple Location Capture: Not selected

Post Record Reference: Not Selected

Fluidics: Not Selected

AutoFocus Drift Correction: On

Microscope Configuration

Biplane Module: 635 nm Dichroic

Objective: Silicon Selected

Stage Insert: Rectangular Selected

Coarse Focus Position: 8-Well Chamber Selected

Dichroic: SuperRes

PSF: (Red, Orange)

Heater: Current: 26

Camera Configuration

Recording Vertical Field of View: 100%

Widefield Camera Exposure Time: 100 ms

Super Resolution Camera Exposure Time: 20 ms

Widefield Camera Binning: 1

Per-Probe Exposure Time: Selected

Probe Configuration

Predefined Probe: First probe: 640 nm (635 nm Dichroic); First reference probe: 640 nm (635 nm Dichroic)

Photoactivation/Imaging Laser: 0% Selected

Exposure Time: 20 ms Selected

Experiment Configuration

Record Workflow: Selected Options

View Mode: Widefield 200 μ m

Capture Mode: Live

Stage and Piezo Selection**Examination of the Sample**

Cell(s) or Cellular Structure Localization - The red-bordered box identifies the area of the SuperRes view and defines a suitable cell(s) or cellular structure. The cell(s) or structures are optimally focused.

Piezo Current: 182.2 μ m

Probe 1 Laser control 640 nm (635 nm Dichroic)

Widefield 640nm: 0.1X Neutral Density Filter: Selected, @ 0.2% Laser Input

Reference Probe 1 Laser control 640 nm (635 nm Dichroic): Not Selected

Advanced Tools Option

Widefield camera Exposure Time: 100 ms

Default values are maintained unless otherwise noted.

Widefield Laser: "Widefield 640nm" was deselected, and "calibrate" under AutoFocus was selected.

AutoFocus - Calibration Values

Current Position: -0.979

Current Intensity: 4.5

Calibration Value: -5070 nm/unit

AutoFocus Mode: Pre-Capture

View Mode

SuperRes: 50 μ m is selected

Capture Mode

Live

Stage and Piezo Selection

Cell(s) or Cellular Structure Localization - Positioning of the target Cell or Subsection of the Target Cell is optimized and optimally focused.

Piezo Record: Begin: 182.2; End: 184

Probe 1 Laser control 640 nm (635 nm Dichroic)

SuperRes 640 nm: 0.1X Neutral Density Filter: Selected, @ 0.02% Laser Input

Reference Probe 1 Laser control 640 nm (635 nm Dichroic)

Not Selected

Advanced Tools

Widefield Camera Exposure Time: 20 ms

Default values are maintained unless otherwise noted.

Record Workflow - Record Tab: Capture Parameters

Frames: Probe 1: 200

Z Positions: 9

Cycles: 17

Time Points: 1

Pause Between Cycles: Not Selected

Automatic Photoactivation Laser Control: Not Selected

Probe 1 Laser control 640 nm (635 nm Dichroic)

Laser Power: 50

Expert Configuration Options - The Localization Tab

Beyond the values shown, all other parameters were set to default values.

Localization

Cutout Width: 16 px

Max Frame Accumulation: 1 frame

Max Accumulation Offset: 1 px

Fiducial at Max Accumulation: Not selected

Max Particles Per Frame: No Max

Background SLPE Removal: Not Selected

Cutout/Background Removal: Not Selected

Preview Cutout Positions: Selected

Record Workflow - Localization Tab**Data Collection**

The folder is created automatically with the localization file for this image acquisition.

Recording Summary

All parameters were carried over from previous tabs and are kept except:

Probe1: BG threshold: 25

Region of Interest -

Not selected

Display -

Was deployed to inspect if the BG threshold applied chooses localizations in an expected manner

Record Workflow - View Tab**Region of Interest**

Default values

Visualization Parameters

Point Splatting

Sizing Mode: Constant

Particle size: 25 nm

Color by: Depth

Color Table: Single

Opacity Mode: Depth; Opacity 1: 0.35

Front-to-back Attenuation: Not Selected

Post Acquisition analysis - View Tab**Drift Correction** - Computed with the following parameters:

Method: Particle (direct)

Time Intervals: 8 Intervals

Pixel Size: 50 nm

Smoothing: 8.00

Advanced Particle Filters - Applied to the drift-corrected data with the following parameters

Radial precision: 30

Axial precision: 65

The other parameters were not applied.

Statistical Analysis - Computed to clean low background signals.

Statistics Dialog - Cluster Analysis

Clustering Algorithm: DBSCAN

Parameters

Maximum Particle Distance: 0.1 μm

Maximum Particle Count to Form Cluster: 10

Compute Hulls: Not Selected

Compute Density Isosurfaces: Not Selected

Edit Settings: All Probes

Compute: Selected

Following Cluster Analysis Computation, under the Results Tab, ID Unassigned:
Deselected

Image by P. Raut

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